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| **Name (in Romaji):** | 🡪  |
| **Student Number:**  | 🡪  |
| **Class Day + Period (examples: Monday 2, Friday 3):**  | 🡪  |

**Philosophy Quiz 16 – The Enlightenment**

**ONLY** write or type the letter or letters of your answer (for example: A, B, C, etc.) for each question to the right of the arrows. **DO** **NOT** include anything else for your answer.

(16.1) 🡪

(16.2) 🡪

(16.3) 🡪

(16.4) 🡪

(16.5) 🡪

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 Score: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / 5

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| (16.1) |  | Which of these is NOT one of the characteristics of the Enlightenment? |
|  |  | [A] | The death of God |
|  |  | [B] | The divorce of faith from reason |
|  |  | [C] | The rise of modern science |
|  |  | [D] | Great optimism that reason can solve all our problems |

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| (16.2) |  | Voltaire believed that God made the world because: |
|  |  | [A] | there was no other way to bring evil into the world. Without evil, there could be no absence of good. |
|  |  | [B] | making worlds is what Gods do. The definition of “God” is “the builder of worlds”. |
|  |  | [C] | he had no choice. It is a necessary and eternal consequence of God’s existence. This explains why evil exists in the world. |
|  |  | [D] | a bored God is a creative God. Once God became bored, he decided to create the universe for human beings. |

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| (16.3) |  | Montesquieu believed that there are three kinds of government, and that each is appropriate under different circumstances. What are the kinds of government? |
|  |  | [A] | republican, monarchical, despotic |
|  |  | [B] | republican, democratic, despotic |
|  |  | [C] | republican, monarchical, democratic |
|  |  | [D] | republican, anarchical, despotic |

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| (16.4) |  | Who blamed the evil in the world on society? |
|  |  | [A] | Voltaire |
|  |  | [B] | Montesquieu |
|  |  | [C] | Rousseau |

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| (16.5) |  | During the Enlightenment, people did what? |
|  |  | [A] | They desired security over excitement. |
|  |  | [B] | They desired excitement over security. |
|  |  | [C] | They desired faith over grace. |
|  |  | [D] | They desired grace over faith. |